



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Public Health Reports

Treasury Department, United States Marine-Hospital Service. Published in accordance with act of Congress approved February 15, 1893.

VOL. XIII. WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH 11, 1898. No. 10.

UNITED STATES.

[Reports to the Supervising Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service.]

Two cases of smallpox in Norfolk, Va.

[Telegram.]

NORFOLK, VA., *March 10, 1898.*

Case of varioloid in office yesterday—turned over to local health officer. Saw another to-day with health officer. Send 200 points.

PETUS.

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Report of investigation of smallpox at Patton and Jasper, Ala.

(Through the medical officer in command.)

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., *March 4, 1898.*

SIR: Referring to telegraphic orders of March 2 directing me to proceed to Patton and Jasper and confer with the authorities in regard to smallpox at these places and report what measures are absolutely necessary, I have the honor to inform you that I visited both of the above-named towns, and respectfully submit the following report:

Patton is a mining camp, with a population of some 500 or 600 people. During last August and September there were 9 cases of smallpox at this camp; no further cases appeared until early in February, since which time 9 cases have developed. These cases are now in the pest-house. The camp has been fairly well vaccinated, but disinfection has been very inefficiently performed.

In a radius of two or three miles around Patton there are three other mines, one of which is infected. Corona, the infected mine, is the largest of the four camps. I called on the surgeon at this place, and he